



Mosquito Control: What You Can Do!

Mosquitos are a major public health issue. Mosquitos are able to carry and spread different diseases that are transmissible to humans. Specifically in Massachusetts, mosquitos can give you eastern equine encephalitis (EEE) and West Nile virus (WNV). Mosquitos are impossible to eliminate, but you can work to manage them and reduce the risk of disease transmission for yourself and the community.

Norfolk County Mosquito Control Integrated Pest Control

Norfolk County Mosquito Control District (NCCMC) provides integrated pest management (IPM) to manage mosquitos in Norfolk County.

- Mosquito surveillance - Mosquito populations are monitored within Norfolk County.
- Larvicide and adulticide – Aerial and ground applications of EPA approved pesticides control both the larval and adult stages of mosquito populations.
- Source reduction – Mosquito breeding sites are identified, and Norfolk County Mosquito Control works to make the habitat unsuitable for mosquitoes by eliminating the water source or allowing for water flow and presence of predators.

Spray schedule - Truck-mounted mosquito spraying applications generally take place from after Memorial Day to sometime in September, weather dependent. Spraying begins at sunset and ends around midnight. Contact NCCMC at the latest by 10am on your town's scheduled day to be considered for service that week.

If you would like to request mosquito spraying residents can call **(781) 762-3681**, Monday through Friday during regular office hours (7:00 AM to 3:30 PM) to register a mosquito complaint. As an alternative, residents can request service online from the **Online Service Request Form** at www.norfolkcountymosquito.org.

DON'T BREED Mosquitoes at home!

MOSQUITOES NEED STANDING
WATER TO BREED!

MOSQUITO CONTROL IS A JOINT EFFORT



Tip N' Toss

Tip over containers of water such as pet dishes and potted plant trays. Change water in bird baths every 5-7 days.



Clean Up and Cover

Clean up toys, tires, and containers that hold water. Cover trash barrels, rain barrels, untreated pools. Clean out clogged gutters.



Treat Water Sources

Treat any water that can't be drained with a product to kill larvae (ex. Mosquito Dunks). For water features and ponds, use moving water or fish to prevent breeding.



NORFOLK COUNTY
MOSQUITO
CONTROL



(781)-762-3681

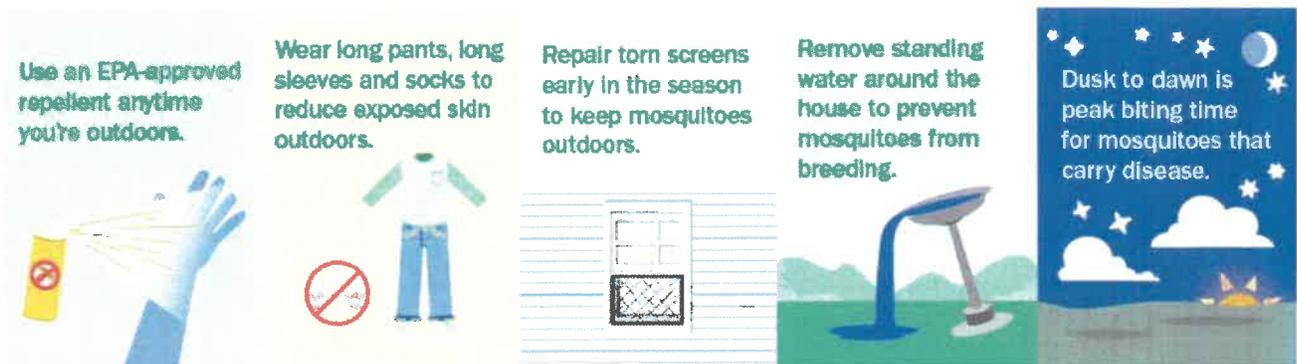


www.norfolkcountymosquito.org



Best Way to Prevent Mosquito Bites!

- Use mosquito repellent any time you are outdoors. Even being out for a short time can be long enough to get a mosquito bite. Make sure to follow directions on the label.
 - Use EPA approved repellents such as DEET, which can be applied to skin avoiding contact with face, follow the label directions!
 - Permethrin products, DO NOT APPLY TO SKIN, for use on clothing only, follow label directions!
- Be aware of peak mosquito hours. The hours from dusk to dawn are peak biting times for many species of mosquitoes. Take extra care to use repellent and protective clothing during evening and early morning — or consider avoiding outdoor activities during these times.
- When the weather permits, wear long-sleeves, long pants, and socks when outdoors.
- Use mosquito netting on baby carriages or playpens when your baby is outdoors.
- Make sure screens are repaired and are tightly attached to doors and windows.
- Remove standing water from places like ditches, gutters, old tires, wheelbarrows, and wading pools. Mosquitoes can begin to grow in any puddle or standing water that lasts for more than four days, so don't let water collect around your home.
- Avoid camping overnight near freshwater swamps to reduce your risk of exposure to mosquitoes that carry the EEE virus. If you do go camping, use a tent with mosquito netting and use appropriate repellents.



Sources: Norfolkcountymosquito.org and Mass.gov